

**8-BIT, WIDE TEMPERATURE,  
 2.5 $\mu$ S ADCs**

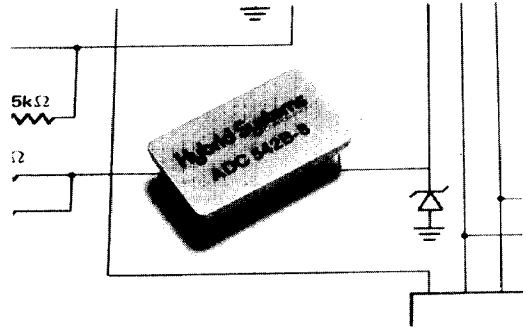
**FEATURES**

- 2.5 $\mu$ s conversion time
- Low power: 650mW
- Wide temperature range models: -55°C to +125°C operation
- MIL-STD-883 or commercial/industrial processing
- Plug-in replacements for ADC82

**DESCRIPTION**

The ADC541/542 Series are fast, low power, hybrid IC analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). The series features 8-bit resolution and accuracy with 2.5 $\mu$ s typical conversion time. The low power drain of 650 mW is from standard  $\pm 15$  VDC and +5 VDC power supplies. All models are hermetically-sealed in 24-pin DIP style packages and are complete with precision thin-film DAC, clock, comparator, reference and successive approximation register.

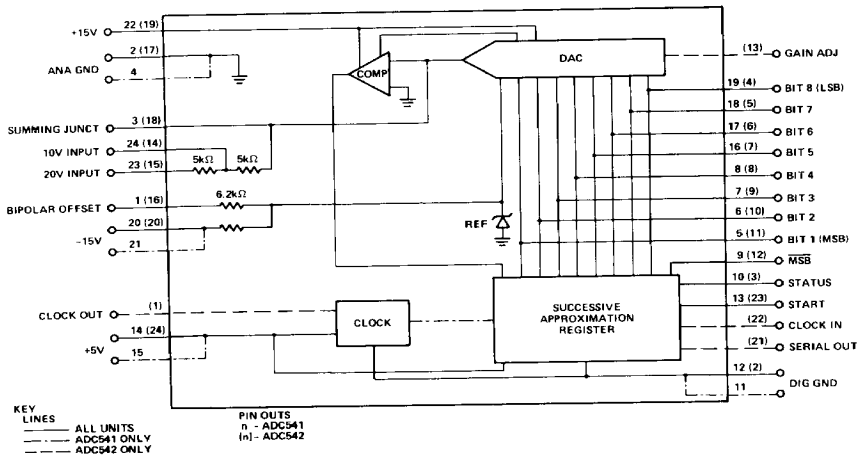
The ADC541C-8 and ADC542C-8 are processed to commercial/industrial standards and operate -25°C to +85°C. ADC541B-8 and ADC542B-8 are processed to MIL-STD-883 Rev. C, Level B requirements, and operate -55°C to +125°C. In addition, the ADC542 versions are plug-in replacements for the ADC82.



All models can be externally pin-connected for 3 unipolar and 3 bipolar input ranges. Output coding in the bipolar mode is user selectable as either offset binary or 2's complement. ADC541/542 feature an overall temperature coefficient of  $\pm 45$  ppm/°C and long-term stability of 0.1%/year.

ADC541/542 models provide systems designers with greater flexibility, savings in space and weight, and the ultimate in reliability. Their compact size, 8-bit resolution, accuracy and extensive self-contained features are particularly well suited to microprocessor applications.

**FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



# SPECIFICATIONS

(Typical @ +25°C and nominal power supplies unless otherwise noted)

<b>SERIES</b>	ADC541/542
<b>RESOLUTION</b>	8-Bits
<b>TYPE</b>	Successive Approximation
<b>ANALOG INPUT</b>	
Unipolar	0 to +5V, 0 to +10V, 0 to +20V
Bipolar	±2.5V, ±5V, ±10V
Impedance	500Ω/Volt
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>	
Start Command Pulse Input	100ns wide, min. Logic "1" > +2.0V; Logic "0" < +0.8V
Logic Loading	2 TTL Loads
Clock In (ADC542 only)	2 TTL Loads

## DIGITAL OUTPUTS

Data Coding, ADC541	Parallel Outputs Only
Unipolar	Binary
Bipolar	2's Complement, Offset Binary
Data Coding, ADC542	Parallel and Serial Outputs
Unipolar	Complementary Binary
Bipolar	Complementary Offset Binary, Complementary 2's Complement
Data Output Drive Capability	3 TTL Loads Logic "1" > +2.4V Logic "0" < 0.4V
Status Output Drive Capability	2 TTL Loads, Logic "1" during conversion
Clock Out (ADC542 only)	
Frequency	2.85 MHz

## REFERENCE

<b>CONVERSION TIME/ THROUGHPUT RATE</b>	2.5µs, typ; 2.8µs max/400 kHz
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## ACCURACY

Quantization	±½ LSB max
Linearity	±0.2% of F.S.R. max
Offset,	
Unipolar and Bipolar <sup>1</sup>	±0.2% of F.S.R. max
Gain <sup>1</sup>	±0.2% of F.S.R. max

## STABILITY

Over Specified Temperature Range	
Linearity	±10ppm /°C
Gain	±40ppm /°C
Offset	±10ppm /°C
Transfer Accuracy <sup>2</sup>	±45ppm /°C
Long Term	±0.1%/year @ +25°C

## POWER SUPPLY

Requirements	
+15V ±3%	20mA max
-15V ±3%	12mA max
+5V ±5%	105mA max
Rejection Ratio	0.05%/ (+15V); 0.01%/ (-15V)
Power Consumption	1W max

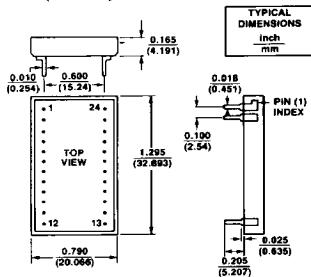
## TEMPERATURE RANGE

Specified	
ADC541C/542C	0° to 70° C
ADC541B/542B	-55° C to +125° C
Storage, All Models	-65° C to +150° C

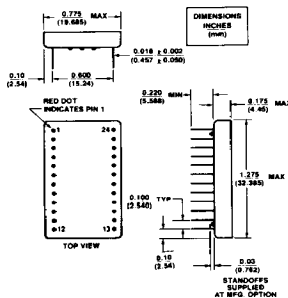
## MECHANICAL

Case Style	Case A (ceramic): ADC542
Case Envelope Dimensions	Case B (metal): ADC541

### CASE A (CERAMIC): ADC542



### CASE B (METAL): ADC541



428 Pin 1 is marked by a dot on the top of the package.

## Pin Assignments

### ADC541

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	BIPOLAR OFFSET	24	+10V INPUT
2	ANALOG GND	23	+20V INPUT
3	SUMMING JCT.	22	+15V
4	ANALOG GND	21	-15V
5	BIT 1 (MSB)	20	-15V
6	BIT 2	19	BIT 8 (LSB)
7	BIT 3	18	BIT 7
8	BIT 4	17	BIT 6
9	BIT 1 (MSB)	16	BIT 5
10	STATUS	15	+5V
11	DIGITAL GND	14	+5V
12	DIGITAL GND	13	START

### ADC542

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	CLOCK OUT	24	+5V
2	DIGITAL GND	23	START
3	STATUS	22	CLOCK IN
4	Bit 8 (LSB)	21	SERIAL OUT
5	Bit 7	20	-15V
6	Bit 6	19	+15V
7	Bit 5	18	SUMMING JCT
8	Bit 4	17	ANALOG GND
9	Bit 3	16	BIPOLAR OFFSET
10	Bit 2	15	20V INPUT
11	Bit 1 (MSB)	14	10V INPUT
12	Bit 1 (MSB)	13	GAIN ADJUST

## NOTES

1. Initial offset and gain errors are externally adjustable. See APPLICATIONS INFORMATION.
2. Includes effects of Linearity, offset, and gain errors.

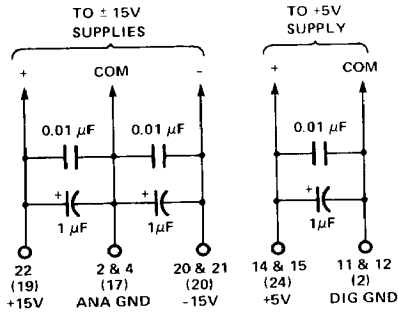
# ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	DESCRIPTION
ADC541C-8	Commercial/Industrial Process
ADC541B-8	MIL-STD-883 Rev. C, Level B Process
ADC542C-8	Commercial/Industrial Process;
	ADC82 Pin Out Compat.
ADC542B-8	MIL-STD-883 Rev. C, Level B Process;
	ADC82 Pin Out Compat.

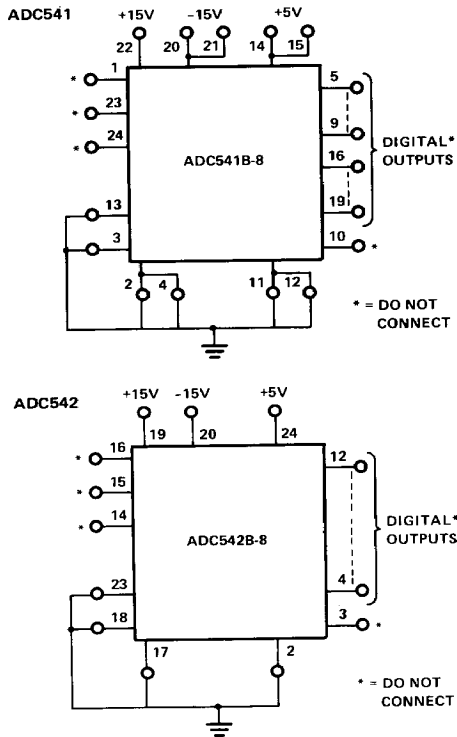
Specifications subject to change without notice.

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

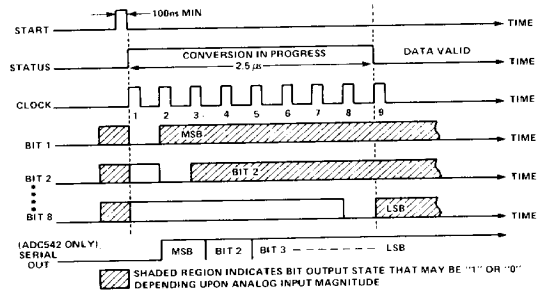
## RECOMMENDED POWER SUPPLY BYPASS CIRCUIT



## RECOMMENDED BURN-IN CIRCUITS (Standard for MIL-STD-883 Versions)



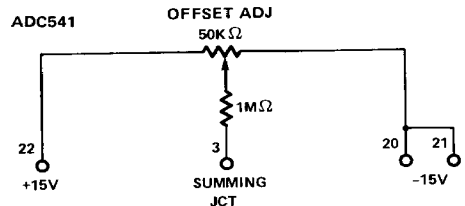
## TIMING DIAGRAM



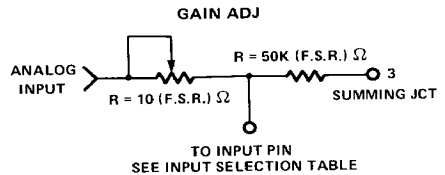
## INPUT SELECTION

INPUT VOLT. RANGE	ADC541		ADC542	
	PIN CONNECTIONS	INPUT PIN	PIN CONNECTIONS	INPUT PIN
0 to +5V	23 to 3 & 1 to 2	24	16 to 17 & 15 to 18	14
±2.5V	23 to 3 & 1 to 3	24	16 to 18 & 15 to 18	14
0 to +10V	1 to 2	24	16 to 17	14
±5V	1 to 3	24	16 to 18	14
0 to +20V	1 to 2	23	16 to 17	15
±10V	1 to 3	23	16 to 18	15

## OPTIONAL ADJUSTMENTS

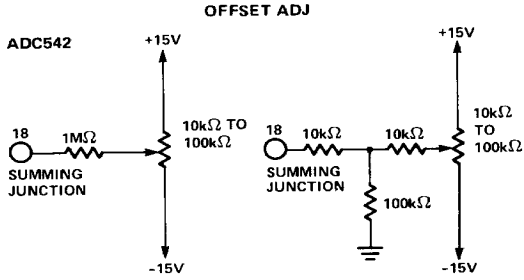


Unipolar: Apply a  $+\frac{1}{2}$ LSB analog input and set the potentiometer for a digital output that alternates between 000...0 and 000...1.  
Bipolar: The bipolar offset is factory calibrated and requires no external adjustment.



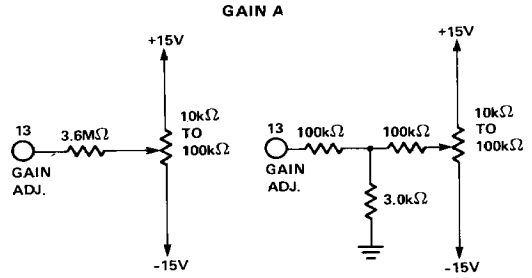
Unipolar & Bipolar: Apply a  $+(F.S. - 3/2)LSB$  analog input and set the potentiometer for a digital output that alternates between 111...0 and 111...1.

**OPTIONAL ADJUSTMENTS (continued)**



Two Methods Offering A ±1% Swing.

Unipolar: Apply a +½LSB analog input and set the potentiometer for a digital output that alternates between 111...1 and 111...0.  
 Bipolar: No adjustments necessary.



Two Methods Offering A ±1% Swing.

Unipolar & Bipolar: Apply a +(F.S. -3/2LSB) analog input and set the potentiometer for a digital output that alternates between 000...0 and 000...1.

**INPUT VOLTAGES, TRANSITION VALUES, LSB VALUES AND CODE DEFINITIONS**

BINARY (BIN) OUTPUT	INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE						
	DEFINED AS	±10V	±5V	±2.5V	0 to +10V	0 to +5V	0 to +20V
ANALOG INPUT VOLTAGE RANGES		±10V	±5V	±2.5V	0 to +10V	0 to +5V	0 to +20V
CODE DESIGNATION		COB or CTC	COB or CTC	COB or CTC	CSB	CSB	CSB
ONE LEAST SIGNIFICANT BIT (LSB)	$\frac{FSR}{2^n}$ n = 8	$\frac{20V}{2^n}$ 78.13 mV	$\frac{10V}{2^n}$ 39.06 mV	$\frac{5V}{2^n}$ 19.53 mV	$\frac{10V}{2^n}$ 39.06 mV	$\frac{5V}{2^n}$ 19.53 mV	$\frac{20V}{2^n}$ 78.13 mV
TRANSITION VALUES							
541 MSB LSB MSB LSB 111...118 000...000	+ FULL SCALE	+10V - ½LSB	+5V - ½LSB	+2.5V - ½LSB	+10V - ½LSB	+5V - ½LSB	+20V - ½LSB
542 000...000 000...000 000...000 111...110	- FULL SCALE	-10V + ½LSB	-5V + ½LSB	-2.5V + ½LSB	+5V - ½LSB	+2.5V - ½LSB	+10V - ½LSB

**NOTES:**

1. Codings shown for ADC541 are Binary and Offset Binary. Use MSB for 2's Complement Coding.
2. Codings shown for ADC542 are Complementary Binary and Complementary Offset Binary. Use MSB for Complementary 2's Complement Coding.
3. One LSB = FSR/256.
4. The voltages given are the theoretical values for the transitions indicated. Ideally, with the converter continuously converting the output bits indicated as 0 will change from "1" to "0" or from "0" to "1" as the input voltage passes through the level indicated.

